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# The Chinook Advance

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**CHINOOK ADVANCE**  
\$1.50 per Year

Vol 9. No. 5

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, May 1, 1924

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

## The Chinook Trading Co.

**Last Call For Seeds**  
We have all varieties.

**Lard Has Advanced**  
WE STILL HAVE SOME AT  
THE OLD PRICE

**Bacon and Hams**  
Are quite **CHEAP** this year. We have a full  
line of all kinds at reduced prices.

**Strawberries in this Week**  
Get Our Price

**The Chinook Trading Co.**  
**Dealers in Meats and Groceries**  
MONTGOMERY & HINDS

**LICE KILLER**  
**And DISINFECTANT**  
Will Save You  
TIME AND MONEY

We Carry a Full Stock of  
**School Supplies**  
Drawing Books, Scribblers, Pencils, Pens, Etc.

**Chinook Pharmacy**  
L. E. Jacques, Druggist and Stationer

**Dr. J. B. Valentine** **Dr. T. F. Holt,**  
Physician and Surgeon Dentist, of Oyen,  
CHINOOK ALTA. Will be at the Chinook Hotel  
Every THURSDAY.

## Garden Time!

Get your Vegetable and Flower Seeds from our  
Stock. We have a large and well assorted stock to  
choose from.

**ONION SETS; CORN, SUNFLOWER AND  
GRASS SEEDS.**

Leave Us Your Order For Bulk Seeds.

**3 Dozen Oranges For \$1.00**

**Acadia Produce Co.**

Quality—Economy—Service

C. W. RIDEOUT  
CHINOOK

GEO. E. AITKEN  
ALTA

## Local Items

The passenger coach running  
on the way freight between Hanna  
and Alaskan was discontinued on  
April 30.

G. T. Galavan, who has been  
spending the past month in Cal-  
gary, returned to town last Friday.

Mr. A. O. McNeill, of Alberta  
College, will conduct the service  
in the Union church next Sunday  
evening.

Mrs. Wm. Lee and children  
visited friends in Kindersley last  
week. Mr. Lee motored to Kin-  
dersley Sunday returning Mon-  
day with his family and his sister,  
Mrs. Rutley.

The many friends of Mrs. F.  
Foster will be glad to learn that  
she is now much improved in  
health and able to be downstairs  
for a while each day.

Mr. Wm. Isbister was a visitor  
in Calgary over the week-end.

Homer Butts has gone to Dev-  
onport, Iowa, to take a course in  
chiropractic.

Seeding is now in full swing.  
Last week the work was delayed  
somewhat by a dust storm Tues-  
day, snow flurries Wednesday and  
hard frost Thursday morning.

Miss E. Church, of Oyen, has  
been appointed teacher of the  
newly formed Hollywood School  
District, and starts work right  
away. Mr. Tom Shaw's old farm-  
house is to be the school pro tem.

Miss Margaret Young is now  
back at school, after her recent  
sickness.

P. McLaughlin, of Vancouver,  
who has purchased the Brownell  
farm north of town, arrived in  
Chinook with his family Tuesday  
morning.

Chinook Trading Company  
have installed a fine new refrig-  
erator counter in their store this  
week.

C. E. Barry was a visitor in  
Calgary this week.

Mrs. Rutley, of Kindersley is a  
guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs.  
W. Lee.

Mrs. R. Vanhook was hostess  
to the ladies card club last Tues-  
day evening. Mrs. J. B. Valen-  
tine won the first prize which was  
a pyrex pie plate, while Mrs. I.  
W. Deman won the consolation.  
Mrs. K. Black will entertain the  
members of the card club next  
Thursday evening, May 8.

Hon. Geo. Headly, Minister  
of Agriculture, who has been ap-  
pointed special commissioner to  
represent Alberta at the British  
Empire Exposition, as guest of  
the Dominion Government, left  
for England last week. He will  
spend some time at the Exposition  
in behalf of this province, and will  
also visit several places in the  
British Isles. Mr. Headly will  
have with him a set of motion  
pictures recently compiled on Al-  
berta, and will also have other  
publicity material. He will also  
probably visit the continent in the  
interests of immigration to Alberta.

## Death of Mr. Charles A. Holden

It is with regret that we an-  
nounce the death of Mr. Charles  
A. Holden, who passed away  
about six o'clock last Sunday  
morning.

Mr. Holden was one of the early  
settlers of this district. He came  
here from North Dakota to take  
up land a few miles south of town  
in 1910. He was born in Ontario,  
but while still quite a boy left  
Canada with his parents to live in  
Hudson, Wisconsin, where a brother  
and sister are still residing.

Mr. Holden was sixty-five years  
of age, and had been failing in  
health for some time but became  
very ill a few days before his  
death and was then removed to  
the nursing home where he re-  
ceived every care.

A funeral service was held in  
the Union Church on Tuesday  
evening at which Rev. Harden,  
the pastor, officiated. The body  
was shipped to Hudson, Wiscon-  
sin, for burial.

## Leaves For Vancouver

Mr. M. J. Hewitt left on Sun-  
day for Calgary en route for Van-  
couver where he expects to reside  
in the future with his family. Mr.  
Hewitt was one of Chinook's first  
citizens coming to this district in  
1912. During his sojourn in  
Chinook he has always taken a  
keen interest in the community  
welfare. He has the honor of be-  
ing the first reeve of the town, a  
police magistrate for a number of  
years, and chairman of the School  
Board for three years. We join  
with their many friends in wishing  
both Mr. and Mrs. Hewitt much  
success in their new home across  
the mountains.

## BIG GAS WELL DISCOVERED

A huge flow of gas, estimated  
at anywhere from 15,000,000 to  
20,000,000 cubic feet daily, has  
been struck in the well being  
drilled near the international border  
south of Lethbridge, by the  
Rogers Imperial Well of the Can-  
adian Oil and Refining Co.

The Chinook Trading Com-  
pany shipped a car load of cattle  
to Calgary this week.

## GOVERNMENT LIQUOR ACT OF ALBERTA

### APPLICATION FOR BEER LICENSE

Public notice is hereby given that  
the undersigned intends applying to  
the ALBERTA LIQUOR CONTROL  
BOARD for a License to sell Beer by  
the glass, or open bottle, for con-  
sumption in conformity with the pro-  
visions of the Government Liquor  
Control Act of Alberta, and regula-  
tions made thereunder, with respect  
to the following premises:

The South West Corner of the  
Acadia Hotel situated on Lots 1 and  
2, Block 4, Plan 2231 B.A., Village of  
Chinook, Alberta.

Dated at Chinook, Alberta, this  
1st day of May, 1924:

J. L. CARTER,  
Applicant.

OUR STOCK OF  
**Groceries, Men's Furnishings**  
**Boots and Shoes**  
**Dry Goods, Notions, Etc.**

Are Complete

OUR PRICES SHOULD COMMAND YOUR ATTENTION

WE ALWAYS BUY PRODUCE  
AT TOP PRICE.

**W. A. Hurley Ltd.**

## Oxy-Acetylene Welding

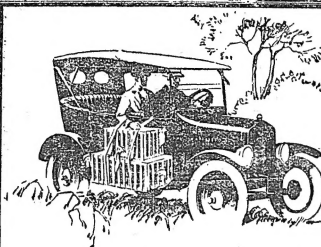
We have installed one of the latest model Welding  
Plants and are now prepared to do all kinds of

**WELDING**  
Satisfaction Guaranteed

**Service Garage**  
COOLEY BROTHERS

**J. S. Smith**  
The Wood-Work Repair Shop  
Furniture Repaired, Screen Doors  
and Windows Repaired,  
and Saws Sharpened.  
CHINOOK ALTA.

**M. L. CHAPMAN**  
Chinook, Alta.  
**GENERAL DRYING**  
All orders promptly attended  
to



## The Car That Tackles Every Job

When a man needs a car  
for many jobs he turns  
instinctively to the Ford  
touring car.

Primarily, the Ford tour-  
ing is a family car and as  
such has estab-  
lished a splendid  
reputation for  
service and de-  
pendability.

But its use-  
fulness does not end  
there. You will  
find the Ford  
touring doing

every job that cars have  
ever been used for—mak-  
ing the quick run to town  
on urgent errands—taking  
produce to market and  
supplies back home—  
doing everything,  
in fact, that a utility  
car is called  
upon to do.



And it does them  
all quickly, eco-  
nomically and  
satisfactorily. A  
real car for work  
and recreation.

F. O. B. Ford, Ontario \$445. Taxes extra.  
Electric starting and lighting equipment \$35 extra.

See Any Authorized Ford Dealer

**Ford**

CARS · TRUCKS · TRACTORS

# BLUE RIBBON TEA

If you telephone merely  
for tea without specifying  
**BLUE RIBBON TEA**  
your grocer may think you  
are not very particular—This  
doesn't pay.

## Throw Away The Crutches

On the eve of the presentation of the Budget at Ottawa each year the press of the country, and notably in the manufacturing cities of the East, is filled with predictions of dire disaster that will overtake the country if there is any lowering in Customs duties through which protection is afforded certain industries. This year was no exception to the rule, the manufacturers of agricultural implements and machinery being the most outspoken.

While it is only human nature that these manufacturers should fight to the last ditch to retain any and all advantages they enjoy, and which are calculated to add to the value of their plants and increase their profits, and admit that they are only doing what any other class would do, it is in the national interest that such claims as are advanced by them should be fully examined in the light of actual facts.

In a recent article in this column figures were given showing that in 1923 Canada imported coal from the United States to a value of over \$100,000,000, and iron and iron products to a value of \$125,851,000, both largely imported by manufacturers, whereas during the same period the value of agricultural implements and machinery imported from across the line only amounted to \$11,721,856.

The manufacturers feel aggrieved because of these \$11,721,856 of importations and contend that if the tariff was only made high enough these goods could be shut out and replaced by Canadian-made goods. They blame the inadequacy of the tariff from their standpoint for this loss of business.

It is interesting, therefore, to note that in this same year Canada exported farm implements and machinery to a value of \$8,187,492. The Canadian manufacturers were able to sell to this extent in foreign markets in which they were not protected by tariffs, but in spite of tariffs levied against them and in open competition with the whole world including the United States. In other words, Canada's imports of farm implements and machinery from the United States were only \$2,531,251 in excess of exports, which goes to show that the Canadian manufacturer of these implements has mighty little ground for complaint.

However, if these manufacturers have good reason to complain, as they claim they have, then what is to be said for the farmers of Canada in the light of the following figures? Imports of agricultural and vegetable products for the twelve months ended February last amounted to \$18,811,688 and of animal products \$16,227,015, a total of \$35,038,703. Why should the farmers of Canada make the importation of these farm products prohibitive, thereby securing the whole Canadian market to themselves even though by so doing the cost of living for every artisan and laborer in the Dominion was substantially increased?

But what would the manufacturer say to such a policy which would compel him to further increase the already high wages he is obliged to pay his employees?

The Canadian farmer, however, makes no such demand. All he asks is a few fields, a few markets, and no favors. He is prepared to face the competition of the whole world, relying on his own industry and the fertility of Canada's soil to win out. He is asking for no artificial props to hold him up, but he does ask that the restraints, the handicaps, the shackles now imposed upon him be removed. With these out of the way he has no fear for his own future nor for the future of Canada.

Why cannot the Canadian manufacturer be as self-reliant as the Canadian farmer? Can he not, through the exercise of his own energy and initiative, the skill of Canadian artisans and workmen whose services are so much in demand in the United States, and the great wealth of Canada's natural resources lying right at his door and only awaiting development, succeed equally as well in capturing his fair share, not only of the domestic trade of Canada, but of the trade of the entire world?

Of course the manufacturers could do it if they only would. The trouble with them is that they have so long relied upon crutches provided for them by the tariff that they are afraid to put their feet squarely on solid ground. They prefer to remain feeble cripples, and the very crutches upon which they rely for support are having the effect of making cripples of everybody else and rendering Canada weak and impotent where this Dominion should be sturdy and strong. We continue as a country to limp along, when we should not merely be walking but rapidly running at the head of the race.

### The Shrine of St. Anne de Beaupre

An advance list of pilgrimages and tourist parties booked to date for the summer season at St. Anne de Beaupre shows that already forty pilgrimages have been arranged for June, July and August. Montreal, Toronto, Buffalo, Philadelphia, Chicago, New York and Boston are among the cities from which a large number of pilgrims are expected at the shrine. It is expected that over 200,000 people will visit the shrine this year.

While Rome burned Nero played the fiddle instead of the horn.

The path of ambition leads to many political graves.

### The Literalist

A broad-shouldered, tanned individual, obviously a country squire, entered a lawyer's in Piccadilly. An immaculate assistant, with the manners of a Grandison, gracefully approached him, and said, suavely, "And what is your pleasure, sir?"

The country squire pondered a moment and then made reply: "Fox hunting chiefly," he said. "But what I want now is a hat."

The ton register, or unit of capacity of a ship, was originally the space occupied by 100 cubic feet of wheat.

Drummers can perform a journey of 600 miles in five days.

### After Many Years

Glasgow Courts Return a Cross to Parish Padre

After several years of litigation in Glasgow courts, a Byzantine cross, invested in jewels and valued at more than \$1,000,000, has been ordered to be returned to the parish priest of a church in the province of Aquila, Italy, to which it once belonged.

There were two claimants to the property, an Italian ice cream shop assistant of Glasgow named Altiro Franche, and the priest of the parish in Aquila. The cross disappeared from the church in 1915 and was not heard of until May, 1921, when Franche offered it for sale in Glasgow. Franche's story was that he found it in the ruins of his family castle after the earthquake at Messina. The court, however, did not see anything in common until the earthquake and the jeweled cross.

### Joint Stiffness Goes, Swellings Disappear Pain Is Subdued

No Liniment Gives Such Universal Satisfaction As

## NERVILINE

It is the great penetrating power of Nerviline that makes it so efficient in overcoming swelling, stiffness and inflammation. It rubs into the very core of the pain, penetrates quickly through the tissues, and brings a warm, comforting relief at once. No liniment compares in pain relieving power with Nerviline. For the minor pains and ills that arise in every family, Nerviline should always be kept handy on the shelf. Use it for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia, and Colds. 35 cents at all dealers.

### Heavy Movement of Wheat to West

An average of 90,000 bushels daily of wheat has been moving from Edmonton to Vancouver for shipment from that port. During a recent seven-day period 526 cars of grain, chiefly wheat, were examined and graded by the government inspectors at Edmonton.

### PAINFUL SCIATICA AND NEURALGIA

Caused by Starved Nerves Due to Weak Water Blood

People think of neuralgia as a pain in the head or face, but neuralgia may affect any nerve of the body. Different names are given to it when it affects certain nerves. Thus neuralgia of the sciatic nerve is called sciatica, and of the nerves of the face, trigeminal neuralgia. This neuralgia of the sciatic nerve is called sciatica, and of the nerves of the face, trigeminal neuralgia. This neuralgia of the sciatic nerve is called sciatica, and of the nerves of the face, trigeminal neuralgia.

When you build up the impoverished blood with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, you are attacking sciatica, neuralgia, and kindred diseases at the root. As proof of the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of this kind we give the statement of Mrs. Marion Bell, Port Elgin, Ont., who says: "Some years ago I was attacked with sciatica in one of my legs and the pain was excruciating and finally I was forced to go to bed. Apparently all the doctor could do was to give me drugs to dull the pain, as otherwise I found no relief. I had been in bed with the trouble for eight weeks when my wife came to see me and said she had had a similar attack, and had only found relief through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I decided at once to try this medicine, and before I had taken more than three boxes I found relief. I continued the use of the pills and under the treatment the pain left me. I was able to walk again, and have not since had the least return of the trouble. I feel that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been of such great benefit to me that I strongly urge similar sufferers to give them a fair trial."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Quebec Maple Sugar

The province of Quebec, which produces more than half of the total maple crop of the world, is ready for a record production this season, according to the director of the maple sugar service bureau. The weather conditions last fall and at present, both of which have been a great influence on the sugar crop, point to a better quality of sap and a bigger crop than last year.

### Pure-Bred Cattle Sale

Two hundred head of cattle were sold at the nineteenth annual winter sale of the Saskatchewan Cattle Breeders' Association held at Regina recently. Over half of the pure-bred cattle sold were Shorthorns. Satisfactory prices were realized.

### Minard's Liniment for Falling Out of Hair

W. N. U. 1522

### The Late Sir Edmund Walker

A Bank President, Unrivalled in Knowledge of Banking

In Sir Edmund Walker, Canada has lost one of its great citizens, a bank, a president unrivalled in his knowledge of banking; and the staff a friend. He was idealistic in temperament, yet possessed of great practical shrewdness. Although remarkable for his breadth of vision, he never overlooked the importance of detail. Although he left school when only 15 years of age, yet through reading and study he developed into a man of great culture and of extensive and accurate knowledge. While he excelled as a banker, his abilities would have brought him success and distinction in almost any field he might have chosen. It was remarkable how, day by day, people in all walks of life would come to him for counsel and aid. Statesmen, educationalists, musicians, artists, business men and explorers were glad to take advantage of his shrewd common sense, extensive knowledge of affairs and organizing ability.

He had great faith in the staff, and believed in giving the branch managers the maximum of scope for their initiative; for he knew that it was only under responsibility that men develop. He avoided a dictatorial attitude in his relationship with his subordinates and insisted strongly that courtesy be shown by the staff in all internal and external intercourse, setting the example himself. He did not want the managers to be mere rubber stamps, working under instructions from the Head Office; he expected them to form their own opinions on the facts and to make recommendations to Head Office based on these opinions. He always prided himself on the culture of men that the system had developed, and the spirit of loyalty which distinguished this institution.—The Caducous.

Many mothers can testify to the virtue of Mother Graves' Worm Expeller, for they know from experience how useful it is.

### Albertan Receives Knighthood

Prominent Alberta Man is Honored by Danish Government

For the second time a prominent Alberta man has been honored with the degree of knighthood from the Danish Government. The latest is Dan, Morkebrag. Mr. Morkebrag has been a resident of Alberta for some years and was at one time a member of the legislature. The first man to receive the distinction from the Danish Government was C. M. Moberg, provincial dairy commissioner, and former Danish Consul in Alberta.

No need to suffer with corns, or to run the risk of paring them. Remove them with ease and safety with Holloway's Corn Remover.

### Saskatchewan Automobiles

Number of Licenses Issued Last Year

"During the year 1923, the number of automobile licenses issued in Saskatchewan," states Thomas M. Molloy, commissioner of the Saskatchewan Bureau of Labor and Industries, "were 61,466, made up as follows: Private autos, 60,951; trucks, 5,058; heavy autos, 1,235; motor cycles, 297. In addition, in connection with the motor vehicle license, 11,775 people out of the total population of the province of 757,510. Dealers' licenses and garage licenses were also issued to the number of 728 and 226, respectively."

The following information has been obtained by the Bureau: There is an average investment of \$2,200.25 by dealer agencies operating garages in connection with their business, making a total of \$17,620,163 of a capital investment. Service garages with an average investment of \$5,000 show a total investment of \$1,620,000. The average investment of some 360 dealers in accessories is \$3,000, with a total of \$1,080,000.

Some salmon, and likewise carp, have been known to live a century, while some eels have survived for 60 years.

Experience teaches people a lot of things they would rather not know.

### That's Why You're Tired

—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite

Get Your Liver Straight  
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will help you right in a few days.

They act quickly though gently and give nature a helping hand to renew your health. Correlate your diet with these pills for indigestion, constipation, biliousness, indigestion and sick headache.

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

Minard's Liniment for Aches and Pains

# OLD CHUM SMOKING TOBACCO

IS FOUR TIMES SEALED



to bring you the full richness  
and mellow sweetness of this—

## "Tobacco of Quality"

Manufactured by  
IMPERIAL TOBACCO CO. OF CANADA LIMITED

### Could Not Capture Canadian Deer

Animal Shipped to Dublin Zoo Eludes Keepers and Escapes

A large Canadian deer, which arrived at Dublin Zoo in a crate recently, jumped over two rings of high rail as soon as it was released, and settled down to graze in the grounds of the Vice-regal Lodge.

Keepers tried with ropes and tried to lasso it. The deer jumped the high wall of the Vice-regal Lodge, raced at high speed across Phoenix Park pursued by keepers in motor cars, and was last seen when the darkness fell at Castle Knock, several miles from the city, when it was still running in the direction of County Meath.

The indications of worms are restlessness, grinding of the teeth, picking of the nose, excessive sleepiness, often convulsions. Under these conditions one of the best remedies that can be got is Miller's Worm Powders. They will attack the worms as soon as administered and they pass away in the excretions. The little sufferer will be exceedingly happy and a return of the attack will not be likely.

### Money For Parks

The House of Commons, in committee of supply, passed two items for Dominion lands and parks, totalling \$551,000. A grant to the Canadian Forestry Association of \$4,000 and \$547,000 for surveys of water and power resources, including the hydro-metric survey comprised the vote. These made a total vote house of \$1,703,125.

### Tells Just Why She Is So Thankful

Ontario Lady Found Relief in  
Dodd's Kidney Pills

She had suffered with bladder trouble for years, but Dodd's Kidney Pills quickly relieved her.

Bright, Ont.—(Special).—"I received your Dodd's Almanac and have been going to write to you ever since. I am the mother of four children and have had far more bladder trouble. I took different medicines and all the time it kept getting worse. At last my mother told me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I got two boxes and they have completely relieved me. I have never been so thankful for anything in my life, as I was for those pills. This statement is made by Mrs. Henry D. Christensen, well known resident of this place."

Women's troubles, or nearly all of them, come from sick kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills will relieve kidney trouble, no matter where or in what form it is.

Sound kidneys mean pure blood. Pure blood means good health.

Ask your neighbors if Dodd's Kidney Pills are not the best remedy for sick kidneys.

### Warship Is Buried

With solemn ceremony the veteran warship Australia was sunk 20 miles off Sydney, in accordance with the naval programme under the Washington treaty. Laden with hundreds of floral tributes from the populace, the warship was towed to the scuttling point by tugs accompanied by two Australian and four British cruisers with officials aboard. There her sea valves were opened and she slowly settled beneath the water while the cruisers fired salutes and airplanes circled overhead.

Farmers in practically any part of the United States can now receive by radio, reports of agricultural prices and movements at the leading market centres.

Minard's Liniment for Aches and Pains

### Planes Will Avoid

German Territory

Bavaria to be Spared Both of  
Watching Foreign Aircraft

Bavaria is to be spared the bother of keeping an eye on cross-country foreign airplanes next summer, as the German Government has refused to enter into a convention which would permit aircraft of the Compagnie Franco-Roumaine to cross the state via Nuremberg on their way to Strasbourg and Prague.

It was on this route that several planes made forced landing last year, which led to reports that the Germans had discovered a wireless wave making it possible to bring down aircraft at will. A number of machines which came down on German soil were confiscated by the authorities on the ground that they were in the country illegally.

It has been decided that the mail and passenger planes of the company will proceed from Strasbourg via Basel, along the valley of the upper Rhine, to Lake Constance, and then via Innsbruck, Liez and Vienna, thus avoiding flying over German territory.

Ready-made Medicine.—You need no physician for ordinary ills when you have at hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. For coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchial troubles, it is available for scalds, burns, bruises, sprains. It is unsurpassed; while for cuts, sores and the like it is as unquestionable a healer. It needs no testimonial other than the use, and that will satisfy anyone as to its effectiveness.

### Ship Driven Without Fuel

Electric Generators Are Run By Motion of Waves

A new departure is a recent English invention of a vessel that uses the motion of the ocean instead of fuel to drive it. The ship is built in sections so that they rock up and down with the motion of the waves. This motion runs electric generators in each section. The current generated in this way is carried to the rear of the ship where it runs motors connected with the propellers, thereby propelling the ship. There are storage batteries also that collect the surplus current so that it may be used when the sea is quiet. The gears are made so that both the up and down motion of the waves are used. The new ship will hardly be popular with those liable to seasickness.

### Premier Magnanimous

Premier Ramsey MacDonald is drawing only one salary of 5,000 pounds for his dual position as first lord of the treasury and foreign secretary. The separate salary for each office is 5,000 pounds.

**MURINE**  
FOR YOUR  
EYES  
Wholesome Cleansing Refreshing

**ZIG-ZAG**  
Cigarette Papers  
Large Double Book  
120 Leaves  
Find out how to Buy  
AVOID IMITATIONS

### INVENTIONS

Send for list of inventions wanted by Manufacturers. Portraits have been made from simple ideas. "Patent Protection" booklet on request.

**HAROLD C. SHIFMAN & CO.**  
PATENT ATTORNEYS  
211 BANK STREET  
OTTAWA, CANADA

## "Tired and Worried Nervous and Despondent"

Mrs. M. Chevalier, Belle River, Ont., writes:

"For eight years I suffered from despondency and nervousness.

Sometimes I could not sleep at night for worrying and the next day I would be so tired that my work was a burden to me. I began using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and can say I am now entirely relieved of the nervousness from which I used to suffer, and things do not worry me as they used to."

"Dr. Chase's Ointment also relieved me of eczema on my arms, which had bothered me for three years. My house is never without Dr. Chase's Medicines."

**Dr. Chase's Nerve Food**

60 cts. a box of 60 pills, Edmansons, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

W. N. U. 1522



## Classification Of Western Lands To Obtain Information Regarding Areas Suitable For Settlement

During the past few years, and particularly during the past twelve months, there have come from many quarters suggestions and requests for the classification of the lands in the prairie provinces. The object of those who urged this work was that each area of land might be devoted to its highest use, viewed from a national and economic standpoint. The land is the basic natural resource of the country and the department of the interior has for some time been seized of the importance of its classification, and at the close of the war assigned to the Topographical Survey of Canada, a portion of the staff of which had been given special training, the duty of making such a stocktaking survey of the unsettled lands. In order that the results might be of more immediate benefit, the districts chosen for investigation were within easy access of the railways.

The object of these land classification surveys is two-fold. On the one hand it is to provide government officials with accurate information of what lands are suitable for settlement, in order that incoming settlers may be intelligently directed to land where they have a reasonable chance of making a comfortable living. On the other hand there is much land not suitable for agricultural purposes but which should be reserved for forestry, park, grazing purposes. When settlers are allowed to locate on these lands, failure, as has been proved in all parts of the continent, is the result, and the whole district is adversely affected, but if properly utilized they become an asset to the district.

The surveys have accordingly been divided into two classes, those of areas where the lands are essentially agricultural and those of lands comprised within or in the immediate vicinity of forest reserves or proposed forest reserves. The unit of investigation is in both cases the quarter-section and the information obtained is made available for government officers and the general public by means of maps, plans, photographs and reports.

The work in the field consists of making a personal examination of every quarter-section and from the information so obtained, preparing a report in accordance with its present or its potential value, for settlement. Three main subdivisions are made on the following basis:

1. Quarter-sections with good soil and suitable surface are of the first class.
- (a) Ready for immediate settlement in that there are at least fifty acres clear with the remainder easy to clear.
- (b) Covered by small timber which can be cleared economically.
- (c) Covered with heavy timber and requiring extensive improvements.
2. Quarter-sections which when cleared will be first-class farms, but will offer improvements to certain classes of people or will serve for certain purposes.
3. Quarter-sections not suited for farming but which should be reserved either for forestry or forestry purposes.

During the survey the character of the soil is noted and frequent samples are taken for more precise determination at the Soil Laboratory maintained by the Survey at Saskatoon in co-operation with the University of Saskatchewan. In addition information is recorded and reported on with respect to the forest cover, the water supply and drainage, the climate conditions, the existing routes of travel and their condition, the progress of settlement and improvement already made in the district, the marketing points, the schools, churches and municipal improvements already existing. In short, complete information about the local conditions is gathered for the use of intending settlers.

A classification map and a soil map of each area are published for free distribution and may be obtained at the Dominion Lands Office of the district or from Ottawa. In addition plans are prepared for the townships examined showing the topography, soil, forest cover, roads, cultivated areas, houses, schools, post offices, etc. These township plans are not prepared for general distribution but copies are supplied to the Agent of Dominion Lands in whose district the lands are situated. Any person wishing information about the locality may investigate at the Dominion Lands Office these plans and the detailed report of the surveyor who made the classification. Any of this information will be furnished to the public from Ottawa, but in the case of the colored topographical township plans it has been found necessary to charge a small fee.

Up to the present time the staff of the Topographical Survey of Canada

has classified in the manner herein described about 23,424,000 acres of ordinary lands and about 2,422,000 acres of lands in or immediately adjoining forest reserves, and the examination is proceeding at the rate of about 4,000,000 acres per year divided between the two classes. The cost of this examination is 1.3 cents per acre for field work or 1.5 cents per acre including the cost of issuing the maps and reports.

### Plowing By Electricity

Experiments to be Conducted on Minnesota College Farm

Complete electrification of twenty farms near Red Wing to demonstrate the practicability of electric power and light will be accomplished this summer.

Regents of the University of Minnesota approved the plan of the Agricultural College to electrify the community and put electricity to hitherto unused uses.

Experiments in plowing with electricity will be concluded, using both cable and storage battery current. Power will be used to grind feed, operate separators, water pumps, irrigation pumps, household appliances, milking machinery, refrigeration plants and other farm equipment.

A detailed study of costs of production with the use of electric light and power will be made. Exhaustive experiments to prove or disprove the efficiency of electric current for farm power will be conducted.

Engineers of the biggest electric machinery and farm implement firms in the country will co-operate with university farm experts on the experiments.

### Saskatchewan Beekeepers

An Average of Eighty Pounds of Honey Per Hive For 1923

It is estimated at the present time that there are 280 beekeepers in Saskatchewan, who have 1,529 hives of bees which in the 1923 season returned an average of eighty pounds of honey per hive, or a total yield of 121,600 pounds, which brought in a revenue of \$30,100. The average price received in 1923 by the Saskatchewan beekeeper was twenty-four cents for the extracted and forty cents for the comb product. Taking the five years 1918 to 1922, the southern or prairie districts of the province maintained an average yield of fifty-five pounds per hive and the bluff districts of the central and northern areas 100 pounds per hive.

### Alberta Shipment For Japan

Trial Shipment Is To Be Sent Soon to the Flowery Kingdom

Arrangements made by Hon. Geo. Hoadley, minister of agriculture, a trial shipment of cows and steers will be made in the near future to Japan, for the purpose of testing out the possibilities of a market for Alberta's livestock in that country. It is also the purpose of the department to send with the shipment a qualified investigator who will look into the possibilities of a market for all of Alberta's farm products.

### French Plane Confiscated

Pilot Forced to Land in Germany Has Been Interned

A Berlin dispatch to the London Times states that a French aeroplane, which made a forced landing at Osterburken in Baden, Germany, has been confiscated and the pilot and his companion interned.

The machine landed in order to improve the way, but was damaged in landing.

French planes are forbidden to land in Germany under terms of the treaty of Versailles.

### Cow Soon Pays

It has been estimated that a cow will in six weeks pay for itself and the feed it will cost at the present price of milk, cows and greenfeed or silage grain. The purchase price of the cow and the load of greenfeed would be less than the value of the milk which the family would have for the use of their house before the feed was all used up. Under present prices a cow certainly does not eat its feed off. It would soon more than pay for itself.

### Much Money in Salmon

The capital invested in the Alaska salmon fisheries runs into many millions, and the average value of a season's catch is over \$7,000,000.

Experiments have indicated that large areas in the Philippines are well adapted to the production of quinine.

## Heavy Grain Movement Necessary

Says Canada Must Export Millions Bushels of Grain Daily

It will be necessary for Canada to export one million bushels of grain per day between now and the time that the 1924 crop will be on the market to clear the decks in readiness to receive the new grain at the head of the lakes, according to N. M. Paterson, one of Canada's leading elevator men.

Just what this will mean in transportation circles was shown by Mr. Paterson when he stated that the average amount of grain handled per day during the shipping season last year was but two-thirds of what would have to be handled this year in preparation for the arrival of the new crop, resulting in a great deal of business activity during the coming season at the head of the lakes.

### To Manage Big Farm

10,000-Acre Farm to be Operated at Hughton, Sask.

Douglas Hill, who came to Canada from Birmingham, England, when he was 19 years of age, has been appointed manager to the 10,000-acre farm operated by the Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Societies at Hughton, Saskatchewan, being selected from a list of nearly 100 applicants. On arriving in Canada, he took work on a farm and learned the business thoroughly, and he and his brother now have one of the finest farms in the Gilbert Plains district of Manitoba. In his new position he will have 75 to 100 men under him. Hughton is on the Saskatoon-Montana section of the Canadian National Railways.

### Saskatchewan Livestock

The total value of farm livestock in Saskatchewan is placed at \$115,240,500. Since the year 1906, the number of horses has increased from 240,556 to 1,152,400, with cows from 112,018 to 556,906; other cattle from 263,236 to 1,646,780; all cattle from 472,254 to 1,602,786; sheep from 121,290 to 191,937; and swine from 123,916 to 562,069.

### May Fix Farm Wages

The British Government's agricultural wages bill, embodying the principle of a compulsory minimum wage to be fixed by district boards, was read for the first time in the House of Commons.

## For Southern Sport Wear



A modified blazer jacket for southern sport wear or that spring that seems so near, is combined with a popular white pickered skirt. It is of red flannel trimmed with white soude.

### Cattle Breeding Conference

To Review the Scientific Aspect of Cattle Breeding

The Canadian Government has been invited to send papers to be read or to nominate representatives to attend the Scottish Cattle Breeding conference which the High Commissioner for Canada has been advised will be held at Edinburgh from the 7th to the 11th July, 1924, inclusive. It is proposed to make a review of the more scientific aspects of cattle breeding throughout the world and the presence of other Canadian experts and stock breeders will be welcomed.

John Farrar, editor of The Bookman, is just a little over 21 years of age.

## Figures Would Indicate That Our Population Will Double In The Next Twenty Years

### Placing the Land Settlers

Helping Agricultural Immigrants to Become Satisfactorily Settled

The Land Settlement Branch of the Department of the Interior is given the work of helping agricultural immigrants to become satisfactorily settled on the land. It has an elaborate programme, including advice to immigrants as to where suitable farm land is available, protection against exorbitant prices for the land, finding places for farm laborers, etc.

This is exceedingly important work. If the settlers are to succeed, and if the country is to get the benefit of the money spent on immigration, it is necessary that the new settlers shall have the best possible chance to make good.

But the work is important for another reason. The more successful it is the fewer immigrants will drift from the land into the cities, possibly to join the ranks of the unemployed. It is therefore to be hoped that the policy will be not only carefully planned, but actively carried out.—Montreal Free Press.

### Larger Wheat Acreage

Alberta Farmers to Increase Their Crop Acreage This Year

According to statements to grain men at Calgary by farmers in Alberta, it is the intention of many of the latter to increase considerably their crop acreage this year. In one case one farmer intends putting an additional 700 acres under wheat cultivation.

Owing to the exceptionally large crop in the province of Alberta last year and the excellent weather during the fall which permitted the farmers to haul their grain to the elevators, considerably less ploughing was done, particularly in the north country, as compared with 1922. In the south, however, more work was done, as the crop generally was got off earlier.

It has been estimated that it would take 630,000 full moons to give the same strength of light as we receive from the sun.

To talk of a hundred million people in Canada may seem fantastic. But unless all signs fail, we shall be a much larger people than was the United States in getting to that point. She has a hundred years start of us. There is a remarkable correspondence between her record for last century and ours for this. The American census for 1800 showed 3,908,432, ours for 1901 was 5,371,315; theirs for 1810 was 2,233,831, ours for 1911 was 7,296,618; their for 1820 was 3,254,462, ours for 1921 was 8,788,182. If we repeat their experience our population should about double in the next twenty years, and nearly double a second time the following twenty years.

A much more rapid growth than this may, however, be realized by and before the high tide of immigration into Canada up to 1912 been so seriously checked, almost stopped by the war, our population in 1921 would certainly have been far in advance of that of the United States in 1920. How different, one, the railroad situation. There was not a railway of any kind a century ago and it was several decades later before there was a dream of one crossing the continent. But we have railroads now not only all over the other parts of the country, but also transcontinental roads of the highest type. In 1820 the United States had less than a quarter of a million people west of the Mississippi River, whereas we have now nearly two millions in our four western provinces. Even as late as 1810 there were only half as many in the American west as in ours now. British Columbia has only the same population as Nova Scotia. Though eighteen times as large, the former was as thickly populated as the latter. It would have 9,000,000 people, as many as in the whole of Canada today.

Though we have no such cities as our neighbor's largest ones, yet we can already see the shadows in the problem of city congestion beginning to loom up. Montreal and Toronto have each five times as many people as New York had in 1820. One-tenth of the Americans live in their three largest cities. Already one-eighth of ours are in our two largest. More than a quarter of the Canadians are in cities of 100,000 or more, of which there are sixty-eight, and one-half are in places above 2,500. The increase in the American urban population in the last decade has been 28 per cent; in the rural it has only been three per cent. Whereas in 1910 the rural population was nearly a million higher than the urban, in 1920 it was four million lower.

We have in Canada an almost equal division between places with more and those with less than five hundred. In the last thirty years those inhabiting places of five hundred or less have increased from 2,296,111 to 1,125,265, or only 24 per cent, while the population of larger places has grown from 1,587,693 to 4,318,578, or 182 per cent. Most of our rural gain has been in our western provinces, which show an increase in the last decade from 1,687,253 to 2,297,775, or 37 per cent. While in Ontario this gain has been only 25 per cent, and in Quebec one-half of one per cent. The urban gain in the same period for these last-named provinces has been 285 and 253 per cent, respectively.

All of the above indicates clearly that we are on the same path of rapid progress which was developed with such intensity across the time last century. But inasmuch as our transportation facilities and other favorable conditions so far transcend those enjoyed by our neighbors at that time, we shall in all likelihood greatly surpass even their wonderful achievement.—Montreal Free Press.

### Alberta Seed Grain

Three carloads of seed grain are being shipped weekly from the provincial seed cleaning and marketing plant at Edmonton. So great is the demand that no more registered first and second generation Marquis wheat is available. About 25,000 bushels of seed grain have been handled by the plant since last fall and 25,000 bushels more will be handled before this year's seedling is completed.

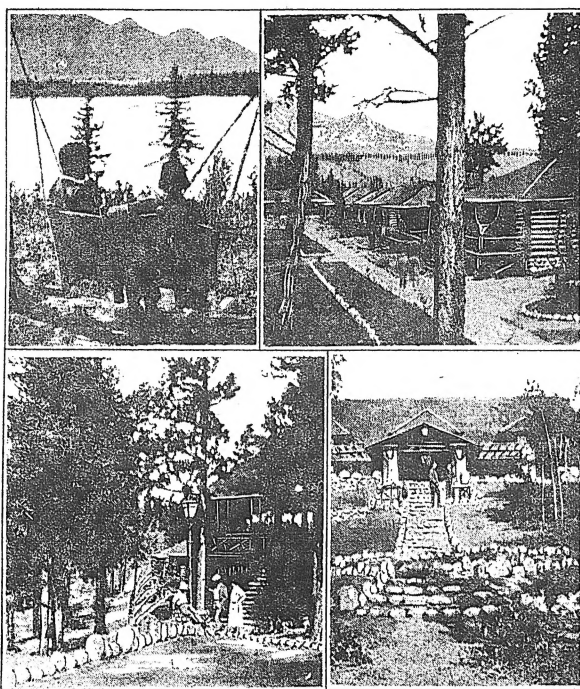
### Exports From Western Farms

Farmers of the three prairie provinces received an aggregate income of \$231,600,047 on exports from their farms and ranches of operations during 1922. The farmers of Manitoba received \$85,228,293; Saskatchewan, \$171,657,750; and Alberta farmers, \$275,814,301.

Latitude and longitude were first determined by Hipparchus of Nice about 162 B.C.

Francis Bacon was born in York House, London, on January 22, 1561.

## CANADA'S NATIONAL PLAYGROUND



Canadians are fortunate in their National Parks, in that they have within their borders Alpine scenery which is not equalled anywhere on the continent, and more and more they are realizing that holidays in Canada hold for the lover of out-of-doors all the thrills that could be found anywhere in the world. Jasper National Park in the Canadian Rockies, contains many high peaks, eternally snow-capped, and on the sides of the mountains are glaciers which have stood the test of ages. Millions of tons of ice, stretching in some instances, almost as far as the eye can see, lure the adventurous climber to new attempts, while in the calm, peaceful valleys wild game of all kinds live at peace with mankind and the world.

Four thousand bungalows, each room with bath, and two 32-room hotels, each room also having private bath, are being erected. In addition, a double-deck bathhouse, with the upper floor for conventions and dancing, is being constructed, and an octagonal club building is being built near the main lodge. Four new buildings are being erected to serve as employees' quarters, the kitchens are being extended and the main lodge is being extended to provide for a ladies' reception room and for a men's billiard and card room.

Accommodation of guests are to be erected at Jasper Park Lodge, the log-cabin hotel of the Canadian National Railways at Jasper National Park, in time for the opening of the 1924 season. It is announced by officials of the Hotel Department, Canadian National Railways, during last season the popularity of Jasper National Park was so great that the capacity of Jasper Park Lodge was taxed, and the additional bungalows being provided this year will take care of almost fifty per cent. more guests.





## WOULD MAKE A FURTHER CUT IN THE TARIFF

Ottawa.—"Immediate and substantial reduction in the tariff on the necessities of life, including foodstuffs, clothing and building material," was the substance of an amendment to the budget resolutions moved in the House by J. S. Woodsworth (Labor, Centre Winnipeg).

The Woodsworth amendment, which was seconded by J. T. Shaw (Independent, West, Calgary), is as follows:

"That, whilst the budget proposals would seem to indicate the recognition by the government of the necessity for a fiscal policy designed to encourage industries based upon the development of the natural resources of the country, and to afford some alleviation of the financial burden bearing upon the people;

"And, whereas the condition of such industries, and the position of consumers in general, is such as to demand relief;

"Therefore, be it resolved that the best interests of Canada will be served by an immediate and substantial reduction in the tariff on the necessities of life, including foodstuffs, clothing and building materials;

"And, further, that the loss of revenue, if any, which might result from such reduction in custom duties should be made good by:

"(a) The readjustment and extension of the income tax to bear more heavily on unearned incomes;

"(b) By a direct tax on unimproved land values, including all natural resources;

"(c) The institution of a graduated inheritance tax on larger estates."

The speaker announced that the amendment could not be accepted as originally drafted, because it contained proposals for taxation, and Mr. Woodsworth agreed to have it re-drafted, so that the latter part of it would read as follows:

"And further, it is desired:

"(a) That the income tax should be so readjusted as to bear more heavily on unearned incomes;

"(b) That unimproved land values, including all natural resources, should not be exempt from taxation;

"(c) That a graduated inheritance tax on large estates should be considered."

Mr. Woodsworth said that while the budget would be of benefit to the west, it did not go far enough. The budget had been apparently balanced at the heavy cost of reducing such expenditures as the department of health. The necessities of life were being taxed, with the result that unemployment and migration to the United States were still very grave problems.

## BRITAIN READY FOR LIMITATION OF WAR MACHINES

London.—President Coolidge's speech in New York was very favorably received here both by the press and by the officials of the Labor Government. It is expected the Premier himself will take the earliest opportunity to proclaim his wholehearted support of the executive's proposed conference for further world disarmament.

When the time comes for formal invitations to a second world disarmament conference the answer from Great Britain will be forthcoming as readily and as spontaneously as when the first call was issued by President Harding, according to observers in close touch with the MacDonald Government.

The limitation of air armadas would be Great Britain's special interest at such a conference, but it is stated that, when the issue is that of the destruction of war machines, Mr. MacDonald will be likely to adopt a ruthless policy and scrap airplanes, submarines, and soldiers to as near the last man and war implement as possible.

The prospect of a disarmament conference and a consequent escape from the heavy costs of armaments and air forces as soon as the negotiation problem is settled, should cause the European countries to strive more strenuously to take full advantage of the new road to a final war settlement which was opened by the experts' reports, according to British officials. It pointed out here, that Premier MacDonald's prompt decision to abandon the Singapore naval base scheme is an indication of the support that would be given by British Government to plans for further disarmament.

W. N. U. 1522

## To Test the Strength Of Draught Horses

Edmonton.—The Western Canada Association of Exhibitions probably will make arrangements for special classes on the western fair circuit this year, for testing the strength of draught horses. At the annual meeting of the association here it was announced by S. W. Johns, of Saskatoon, that the University of Saskatchewan was constructing the necessary equipment for the use of all the fairs on the circuit. The testing of draught horses has been part of the programme of the larger fairs in the United States, and is said to be an interesting feature.

## Would Hit Steamship Lines

Exclusion Bill Would Affect British Ships Bringing Russians to U.S.

Moscow.—If the present immigration bill before the American congress restricting Russia's quota to 200,000 annually, becomes law, a number of British steamship companies specializing in the transportation of Russian settlers to the United States and Canada, will be forced to abandon their business here, it is declared.

The largest of these are the White Star and Canadian Pacific Companies, which have considerable investments in their Russian services. Last year they shipped many thousands of Russian and Ukrainian emigrants to the United States, while they now have on their waiting lists several thousands more, brought from the interior in the belief that the immigration bill would be defeated or modified.

The companies are faced, in the event of the bill's passage, with the task of returning these immigrants to their homes at great expense.

## New Refrigerating System

Process For Transportation of Perishable Goods Being Tested

Montreal.—A new refrigerating system which, it is claimed will revolutionize the system now in operation for the transportation of perishable commodities was put through a test here. Carbon dioxide gas is used in place of thousands of pounds of ice and under it a carload of 12,000 pounds of fresh fish sent from Halifax was found after a week to be as fresh as when it left that port.

It is claimed that space, time and labor are saved by this new process and it is said that the Department of Marine and Fisheries is arranging for several different tests of the system.

## Public Must Exercise Caution

Locomotive Drivers, Not Liable For Accidents Says Judge

Toronto.—Contested cases have established that the driver of a locomotive is entitled to expect that the public travelling upon the highways will exercise due caution, remarked Mr. Justice Huddell in dismissing the action of Mrs. Clara Semple, claiming \$40,000 damages from the Canadian National Railways on account of the death of her husband, who was killed when the automobile in which he was riding was struck by a freight train at a level crossing.

## Advisor to Prussian Ministry

Dr. Munk First Woman to Pass Juridical Examination

Berlin.—Dr. Marie Munk, the first woman to pass the juridical examination in Prussia, has been called to the Prussian ministry of justice as a scientific co-operator. At the request of the union of German women's clubs, Dr. Munk has prepared a report containing suggestions concerning changes in divorce laws and the respective rights of parents in the control of children.

## Gives Broadcasting Ruling

Cincinnati.—The rendition of a song in a radio broadcasting studio is not a public performance, according to Judge John H. McKeen, United States district court, who dismissed a petition filed to halt the broadcasting of musical numbers without paying the holder of the copyright.

## Appeal to Great Britain

London.—Abd El Krim, leader of the rebel Moors, has appealed to Premier Ramsay MacDonald to invite Spain to cease war and has offered to send an ambassador to discuss peace conditions, providing the independence of the Rif territory is not compromised thereby.

## May Cut Permanent Force

Ottawa.—Units of the Permanent Force will probably be cut as a result of the estimates for national defence having been reduced by nearly one half million dollars, according to J. G. Desbarats, deputy minister of national defence.

## Spans World In Eighty Seconds

King's Message to Overseas Dominions Broadcasted From Wembley

Montreal.—The message of King George to the Overseas Dominions formally opening the British Empire Exhibition at Wembley, completed a circuit of the world in eighty seconds. King George sent this message to all overseas Dominions direct from Wembley: "I have this moment opened the British Empire Exhibition."

The message was forwarded first to Canada over the Imperial cable to Halifax, then over the land wires of the Canadian Pacific Telegraphs to Bamfield Creek, B.C., and then over the cable to Australia via Fanning Island, Suva, Fiji and Norfolk Island to Sydney, Australia. It was relayed to Durban, South Africa and Cape Town and from there to the Exhibition Grounds at Wembley via Azores. The commencement of the cable was received back in Wembley just as the message was completed in Halifax.

## Claims Scarlet Fever Can Be Prevented

Discovery of New Toxin Makes Control of Disease Possible

Rochester.—A public demonstration of the new Dick toxin which it is claimed will revolutionize the treatment for scarlet fever, accomplishing the same effect with that disease as the Schick test has with diphtheria, was one of the outstanding events in the closing sessions of the annual meeting of the Medical Society of New York State here.

Dr. Zingher explained that the Dick test was developed by Dr. George Dick and his wife, Dr. Gladys Dick, of Chicago.

"Inoculation is made through the arm as in the case of the Schick test," he said. "If the patient is susceptible to scarlet fever reaction is shown the following day, the patient may then be made immune from the disease by the use of the toxin in increased quantities."

"This discovery will make possible the control of scarlet fever."

## Average Farm Wage Increased

Bureau of Statistics Shows Slight Advance for 1923

Ottawa.—The average wages of farm help show a slight advance for 1923 as compared with 1922, says the bureau of statistics. For Canada the average monthly wage of farm help during the summer season of 1923, including board, was: For men, \$61, as against \$59 in 1922; and for women, \$39, the same as in 1922. The average value of occupied farm lands, which includes both improved and unimproved land, together with dwelling houses, barns, stables and other farm buildings, is returned as \$37 an acre, as compared with 40 in 1922 and 1921.

## Radio Is Expensive Publicity Feature

Not Likely to Affect Demand For Newspapers

New York.—No evidence that dissemination of news by radio would affect the publication or demand for newspapers was reported by a committee on radio at the annual convention of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association. The report adds: "Radio can still be regarded as an expensive publicity feature, and is not an intangible, but undoubtedly valuable good will."

The report disclosed that there are only 45 newspapers operating broadcasting stations as compared with 100 in 1922.

## Lloyd's Cancel Jewelry Contracts

Chicago.—Contracts for jewelry insurance running into millions of dollars have been cancelled by Lloyd's of London, according to the Chicago Tribune. Diamond losses mainly through theft have increased in the last year more than 500 per cent, precipitating the action. Agents of the company are said to be instructed to take no more insurance on jewelry.

## Souvenir of Editor President

New York.—The last stick of type set by President Harding was presented to the Associated Press by Secretary Wallace on behalf of W. F. Thompson, publisher of the Fairbanks, Alaska, news Miner-Citizen at the annual meeting of the Associated Press. The type was set in the paper's composing room when President Harding was visiting Alaska shortly before his death.

## Could Not Settle Boundary

London.—The conference here between representatives of Northern and Southern Ireland for settlement of the boundary between Ulster and the Irish Free State broke up without result.

## Heads British Miners



ARTHUR JAMES COOK

former barrack boy and preacher and later avowed Marxist and leader of the Welsh miners, who has been formally appointed as secretary of the powerful British Miners' Federation in succession to Frank Hodges, now civil head of the admiralty in the MacDonald Government.

## Save the Forest Week

Rules For Care With Fire in the Woods

1. Be sure your match is out before you throw it away.

2. Knock out your pipe ashes or throw your cigar or cigarette stump where there is nothing to catch fire.

3. Don't build a camp fire any larger than is absolutely necessary. Never leave it even for a short time, without putting it out with water or earth.

4. Don't build a camp fire against a tree or a log. Build a small one where you can scrape away the needles, leaves or grass from all sides of it.

5. Don't build bonfires. The wind may rise at any time and start a fire which you cannot control.

6. If you discover a fire, put it out if possible; if you can't inform the nearest Forest Ranger or Fire Warden as quickly as you possibly can.

## Lake Level Decreasing

Mariners Anxious Over Drop in Water of Lake Superior

Port Arthur, Ont.—Mariners about the head of the lakes are concerning themselves over a drop of 26 inches in some two years in the water level of Lake Superior, and say that unless Superior "comes back" and the level increases instead of decreases year after year, commerce will suffer until such time as more dredging is done to permit of heavy draught bottoms carrying their full cargoes. If an old chart, said to be 100 years old is any criterion of the rapidity by which the water is lowering, the shore line in Port Arthur will be greatly changed in the next century. This chart shows the water in Superior to have lowered eight feet in the 100 years.

## Loyalty of Jap Sailors

Pledge Immortal Patriotism While Awaiting Death in Submarine

Tokio.—Tribute was paid to 44 victims of the Sasebo submarine disaster, when the Japanese government pledged immortal patriotism while awaiting death from suffocation. In connection with impressive funeral ceremonies, the navy department made public to the nation letters and wills found in the navy submarine 43, which sank off Sasebo harbor on March 19. Typed in these phrases written by the trapped and smothering men were: "Long live the empire." "We die, but we guard the empire after death."

## Radio Fans Disappointed

King's Voice Did Not Carry Beyond British Isles

London.—The effort to have the voice of King George heard around the world as he delivered the speech in opening the Wembley exhibition failed of success, according to reports from radio enthusiasts throughout the Empire.

Subjects in millions of the King's subjects in the British Isles heard the voice, but it did not carry beyond the British Isles. The amateur fans in Canada, Africa, Australia and India listened vainly.

## No Dividends For Two Years

Toronto.—G. T. Clarkson, liquidator of the Home Bank of Canada, stated in an interview that the next dividend to depositors in the defunct institution would not be paid for two years. The first and only dividend of 10 per cent was distributed shortly before Christmas.

## Tokio Police Will Protect Americans

Reports on the Immigration Legislation of the United States, as it affects Japan, were submitted to a meeting of the Privy Council, and it is understood that the council generally endorsed the government's conduct. Extra precautions have been ordered by the police to protect the persons and property of United States residents of Tokio. Although some "patriots" are distributing handbills warning of the approaching Japanese-American war, thus far there have been no untoward incidents.

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## Veterans Launch Protests

Saskatchewan Command Appeals Against Alleged Injustices of Pension Board

Regina.—Appealing to women's organizations, the press and the public for support in their protest against alleged injustice on the part of the Board of Pension Commissioners of Canada, by failing to abide by decisions of appeal boards, the provincial command of the Great War Veterans' Association has published an eight-page booklet to be distributed broadcast over Saskatchewan.

The pamphlet reproduces editorial from leading Saskatchewan newspapers and from eastern publications, all of which attack the attitude of the Pension Board. It cites specific cases of hardship, cases of delay and generally assails the Pension Board for various alleged sins of omission and commission. Ten thousand copies have been run off for distribution and leaders in every walk of life will be supplied with one copy. Mainly the distribution will be through local secretaries of G.W.V.A. units.

The publication also asks for an "easement" for soldier settlers, a readjustment of a sliding scale, the basis of the adjustment to be on the basis of the year the settler purchased his land and equipment. The pamphlet is entitled "Shrapnel."

## Shortage of Farm Help

Estimated Eight Thousand Men Will Be Needed in Saskatchewan

Regina.—There is about a twenty-five per cent shortage of labor for seeding operations on the farms in Saskatchewan this spring. In other words, approximately 2,000 more men are required than the average farmer who is looking for help is to be supplied, it was learned here.

While the Saskatchewan Employment Service Bureau officials were not prepared to admit, others in close touch with the labor situation generally confirmed the information and it was estimated that farmers are paying \$24 a month and board for experienced help this season. It is estimated that about 8,000 farm hands will be needed for spring work and that approximately 6,000 will be available.

## New Rotary Governor

Successful Convention of Rotarians Held at Edmonton

Edmonton, Alta.—"One of the most successful Rotary affairs ever held," was the unanimous verdict of the Rotarians, who concluded a two days' convention here.

The outstanding event of the programme was the unanimous election of Frank C. Wilson, prominent barrister of Yorkton, Sask., a charter member and the first president of the Rotary Club, as governor of the district number four. The nomination was proposed by Gordon Hunter, of Winnipeg, and seconded by James Mould, president of the Edmonton Rotary Club.

The retiring governor is James W. Davidson, of Calgary.

## Arrest Australian Labor Leaders

Sydney, Australia.—Six prominent labor leaders here were arrested on charges of conspiracy in connection with the prevention of vessels from proceeding to sea. The arrests were the outcome of the action of seamen and waterfront workers in boycotting a steamer at Port Lyttelton because members of the crew of another Commonwealth line steamer were arrested recently for refusing to perform their duties while at sea.

## Duel In Italy

Naples.—A duel with swords was fought here between Vincenzo Nitli, son of Premier Nitli, and Gualdo Francesconi, in which Nitli was painfully wounded in the right arm. The duel was the outcome of an article published by Francesconi in a Fascist newspaper.

## Educationalists at Calgary

Calgary, Alta.—Addresses by educational authorities in the province featured the sessions of the three-day convention of the Alberta Educational Association, which met here.

## GRAIN INQUIRY HEARS TALK ON OCEANSHIPMENTS

Port Arthur, Ont.—Problems of ocean transportation as they relate to transportation of Canadian grain were discussed before the Royal Grain Commission session here. Sir Halford Mackinder, chairman of the Imperial Shipping Committee of the Empire, addressed the commission at some length on the identical character of the investigation of his committee being conducted in Canada and those of the Royal Commission.

Sir Halford explained that Canada must take into consideration in all her internal water routes the deep sound trip cargo voyage is the economic measure exacted by the sea carrier. When traffic is offered at the sea edge, then world conditions overshadow the purely local and international difficulties of trade. Ships go where the pound trip cargo enables them to earn the largest return. Canada must remember that if she is to secure the lowest carriage rate by sea for her products, she must develop something more than an export business.

His committee was on this side to investigate two big problems affecting Canada and the United Kingdom. One was the discrimination of flour from the United States seaboard imposed by the Washington Government against Dominion products, and the other the rates on insurance of vessels and cargoes applying on the St. Lawrence route, as compared with insurance from the United States sea edge. These two questions loom large in the United Kingdom as affecting not only Canadian traffic, but the food supply cost on the other side. His committee was here at the invitation of the Dominion Government.

## Fair Managers Meet

Discuss Matters in Connection With Western Canada Exhibitions

Edmonton.—Managers of the five principal exhibitions of Western Canada met in the exhibition offices in this city for a day's conference on matters of chief concern to the managerial end of the big summer circuit.

Those in attendance at the meeting were D. T. Edwards, Regina; J. E. Reilly, Brandon; S. W. Johns, Saskatoon; E. L. Richardson, Calgary; and W. J. Stank, of Edmonton.

The managers reviewed stock classifications and agreed upon uniform policies in respect to their relations with livestock organizations and upon other matters of common interest relating to attendance, prize lists, etc. Another item dealt with was the appointment of race officials for the different meets on western tracks in connection with the exhibitions.

## Publicity For Alberta

Minister of Agriculture Will Make Tour of United Kingdom

Edmonton.—Hon. Geo. Hoadley, minister of agriculture, has left for England, where he will attend the British Empire Exposition as honorary commissioner for the province. He will go direct to Wembley, and after several weeks on duty at the big fair he will make a tour of the United Kingdom on a mission of publicity for Alberta and its emigration attractions.

## A CLOSER CHECK UPON BANKING IS NOW ADVOCATED

Ottawa, Ont.—Disclosures made at Toronto by the liquidator of the Home Bank as to the camouflaged position of the institution are considered by William Irvine, M.P., and others who recently brought up the question in the House a good and sufficient cause for their resolution. It calls for amendments to the Bank Act calculated to provide a closer check upon the banking institutions and safeguard against further failures.

A system of government inspection will be advocated by a number of the members, with the idea of confining it to the head office. Hereafter, if a policy has always been opposed when the Bank Act came up for successive revision, but opinion, while not favoring complete inspection, has changed considerably both in Parliamentary and official circles. There now seems to be no question that, as suggested in the Irvine resolution, recently discussed, reform will be made. In fact, the acceptance of that resolution by the government side is taken to assure, if not government inspection, at least some closer supervision. The exact form of it will be for the committee to recommend.







## Are You Figuring On Building ?

We Specialize in:—High Grade Dimension, Shiplap and Boards.  
Hardwood Flooring and Interior Finish.

Laths, Shingles, Building Materials, and Fence Posts  
Always on Hand.

## Imperial Lumber Yards

W. WRIGHT, Agent for Chinook



Groves Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.  
A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday on  
or after the full moon.  
Visiting brethren cordially wel-  
comed.

R. V. LAWRENCE,  
W. M.

J. W. LAWRENCE,  
Secretary

## King Restaurant

Meals at all hours. All kinds  
of Tobacco, Candies and  
Soft Drinks

Chinook Alta.

## Mah Bros. Cafe

Regular first-class meals 40c  
Board and Room by the week  
very reasonable  
Short Orders at all hours  
Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes  
and Tobaccos  
Fresh Bread, Soft Drinks  
Ice Cream

## Get ready for Spring

Now is the time for the  
farmer to bring in his Drill,  
Plow, Disc or Harrows for  
Repair before the busy season  
commences.

We guarantee our work.

Prices Reasonable

## W. W. ISBISTER

General Blacksmith  
CHINOOK - ALTA.

## FOR SALE Dry Wood

In 12 inch lengths.  
A limited quantity. Leave your  
order early.

I expect a car load of  
Fence Posts  
to arrive any day.

ROBT VANHOOK  
CHINOOK, ALTA.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE ESTATE of Clarence Edwin  
Evans, late of the Postal District of  
Big Stone, in the Province of Alberta  
Farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that cred-  
itors and others having claims  
against the estate of the above named  
Clarence Edwin Evans, who died on  
or about the 30th day of August, 1913  
are required on or before the 1st  
day of June, 1924, to deliver to the  
undersigned, the Administrator of  
said estate, full particulars of their  
claims and the nature of the securi-  
ties, if any, held by them.

FURTHER, take notice that after  
such last mentioned date the said ad-  
ministrator will proceed to distribute  
the assets of the deceased among the  
parties entitled thereto, having re-  
gard only to the claims of which he  
shall then have notice.

DATED this 17th day of April,  
1924, A.D.

TRENHOLME DICKSON,  
Administrator.

Government Buildings, Edmonton.  
Note—This advertisement is not to  
exceed four inches single column.

FOR RENT—Four roomed house  
in good repair, with good garden  
ground plot. Apply at the Advance  
Office, Chinook.

FOR SALE—A quantity of Bronze  
Turkey eggs at 20 cents each. Also  
Buff Orpington hen eggs at \$1.00  
for 15. Mrs. F. J. Maris, Phone 504  
Chinook.

faire do not teach the children that  
agriculture is a business to be car-  
ried on in a business-like manner  
with careful study and book-keep-  
ing, and so long as they do not  
teach the children that every step  
involved in production shall be  
justly valued and added to the  
total cost of production, just that  
long will school fairs continue to  
be on a false basis, and lend their  
influence to blindfold the boys  
and girls to the true condition of  
farm life. The same thing can be  
applied to other education, be-  
cause if education is not based on  
facts and proofs it cannot stand  
the test and therefore is false.  
Truth is the only thing that stands  
no matter how severe the test may  
be. Therefore education should  
be based on nothing else but truth  
to make it a real service. False  
education is the cause of all the  
evils we are facing today, and lies  
at the root of all social and eco-  
nomic ills.

"Interested" enumerated some  
factors which enter into the mak-  
ing up of returns from farm pro-  
duce, such as variations in dis-  
tances, seasons, competition, etc.  
Are these things taught by means  
of school fairs? I have never heard  
that they were. Your correspon-  
dent is going to make a beginning  
this year. Good luck to him.

"Interested" cannot see any-  
thing as farm slavery. I would  
advise him to buy a farm, full  
equipment for farming and live on  
earnings from the farm, and after  
three years if he is still unbroken  
in body or purse, we will all be  
pleased to hear from him.

Apologizing for taking up so  
much space.

F. DUMANOWSKI

Chinook, Alta.

## Chinook Tennis Player Organize A Club

Chinook Tennis players met  
on Monday evening in the writing  
room of the Acadia Hotel. About  
twenty enthusiasts were present  
and organized a club. Mr. A. V.  
Turner was elected President and  
Miss D. Robert Secretary. A few  
rules and regulations were drawn  
up, and membership fees set at  
\$1.50 for gentlemen and a \$1.00  
for ladies. It is expected that  
the court will be ready this week.  
Mr. Jacques has ordered tapes,  
and a number of the young men  
of the town are busy getting the  
court rolled and wire netting put  
up.

## Natural Resources Conference

Premier Greenfield and At-  
torney General Brownlee will resume  
negotiations with the Dominion  
Government at Ottawa, regarding  
the transfer of the natural resour-  
ces, on May 9 next.

According to a statement of W.  
H. Fairfield, of the experimental  
farm at Lethbridge, about four  
tons of honey were produced in  
the Lethbridge district last year.  
Hives on the experimental farm  
averaged 200 lbs. a week.

Shipments of grain from the  
Grand Prairie and Peace River  
districts over the E. D. and B. C.  
during the past season have tot-  
alled 2,471,000 bushels of wheat  
and 1,700,500 bushels of other  
grains.

## Letter to the Editor

### Reply to "Interested"

Editor, The Advance:—

I was more than pleased to see  
a reply to my letter in your last  
week's issue because it gives me  
a chance for more criticism of our  
false educational system. "Inter-  
ested" said my idea was very good  
but could not find any way of get-  
ting around it.

Your correspondent, who states  
he is a member of the school fair  
committee, says he is arranging to  
apply my idea to garden products.  
But why not apply it to all articles  
produced on the farm? He claims  
that neglect of the garden has been  
responsible for the condition in  
which many farmers find them-  
selves. This is ridiculous as po-  
tatoes at 45 cents per bushel can  
be bought cheaper than they can  
be raised.

Further on "Interested" said  
that school fairs were not propa-  
ganda, but he failed to prove  
otherwise. I am inclined to think  
he is sidetracking, because it is  
self-evident that a school fair is  
nothing else but mere propaganda  
so long as it is not based on facts  
and proofs. So long as school

## Annual Financial Statement Chinook Consolidated School District No. 16, of the Province of Alberta, for the Year 1923

RECEIPTS		PAYMENTS	
Cash on hand and bank balance, January 1, 1923	674.77	Paid Teachers' Salaries	6,967.15
Taxes collected for the current year—		Paid Officials' Salaries, Secretary, Treas- urer, Assessor, Auditor, etc.	186.00
\$6,013.16; arrears, \$5,762.70	11,765.86	Paid on Debentures	1,580.25
Taxes received from Municipal Councils	7,113.71	Paid on Notes \$18,353.36; interest, \$850.55	19,144.90
Government Grants received	4,260.68	Paid for supplies, stationery, postage, chalk, brushes, pills, etc.	303.93
Amount the Trustees borrowed by note dur- ing the year	17,666.75	Paid for caretaking, \$900.00; fuel, \$298.15	1,198.15
Received from other sources—		Paid for Van-driving	7,794.97
Pupils' fees	\$105.20	Paid for other purposes—	
Rent of school	79.50	Com. to Municipality for Tax Collections	454.73
Coal sold \$17.99; sundries \$19.65	37.64	Repairs to Yaws, etc.	243.85
	223.34	Drying	87.59
		Postage and Raffle Stamps	38.52
		Sundries	72.48
			895.38
		Total Cash Payments	38,662.43
		Balance of cash on hand and in the bank 31st, December, 1923	3,045.56
Total Cash Receipts	41,707.99		

I, N. D. ROSS, hereby certify that I have examined all the books, vouchers, minutes of meetings, etc., of the  
Chinook Consolidated School District No. 16, of the Province of Alberta, for the fiscal year ending December  
31st, 1923, and that I have found vouchers and authorization for all the items.

N. D. ROSS,  
Official Auditor.

I, N. D. Ross, further certify that I have counted the cash and examined the Bank Books or obtained in-  
formation from the bank regarding the Bank Balances, showing that there is a balance on hand amounting to  
\$3,045.56 represented by—

(a) Actual cash on hand	\$ 10.75
(b) Actual balance in bank at Dec. 31st 1923	2,176.92
(c) 1923 moneys deposited since Jan. 1st, 1924	4,513.91
	\$6,701.58
Cheques outstanding	3,656.02
Balance	3,045.56
	N. D. ROSS, Official Auditor.

OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS		ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	
Taxes uncollected, including arrears	\$13,014.10	Teachers' Salaries unpaid	\$ 134.95
Balance due from the municipality	11,100.32	Van Drivers, \$292.87; Other accs. \$170.40	463.27
Estimated Government Grant	1,600.00	Total amount due and unpaid	598.22
Total amount due to the district	25,714.42		

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Estimated value of property owned by the district: land, \$500; Buildings, \$20,000; \$20,500.00		Total debenture debt not yet due: Princ- pal only \$10,500.00; interest, \$100.00	\$10,600.00
Furniture, Supplies and Fuel	500.00	Outstanding accounts (total amount due unpaid as shown above)	598.22
Apparatus, maps, globes, etc.	136.00	Cheques outstanding	3,656.02
Library and reference books	136.00	Notes outstanding, gov't.	6,793.76
Total amount due to the district on Dec- ember 31st, as shown in outstanding	25,714.42	Andrew Aitken	1,000.00
Cash or Bank Balance on hand	3,045.56	E. L. Christie	308.54
Union Bank	2,001.30		
Total Assets	51,994.98	Total Liabilities	24,957.98

PARTICULARS OF ASSESSMENT, TAXATION, ETC. FOR THE YEAR 1923  
Total assessed value—\$1,031,715.00  
Total number of ratepayers in arrears, 142.  
Rate of Taxation, 14 mills on the dollar.  
Total number of resident ratepayers, 119.  
Exact cost of operation of the school for the year, \$19,809.08.

INSURANCE  
The property of the district is insured as follows: Building, \$15,000; Furniture and equipment, \$1,500.00.  
The policies expire, Sept. 20, 1925 and Dec. 2, 1925.

DEBENTURE INDEBTEDNESS  
The debenture indebtedness of the district remaining unpaid is \$10,600.00.  
I have examined the above Financial Statement and, to the best of my knowledge, believe the same to be true  
and correct.  
Jan. 12, 1924.

I hereby certify that the above information is in accordance with the books and records of Chinook Consoli-  
dated School District, No. 16, of the Province of Alberta and from the information given me I believe the same  
to be correct. I further certify that I have made a copy of this Report in the back of the School District Cash  
Book.  
N. D. ROSS,  
Official Auditor, Cereal.

## Spring Clean Up

We can supply you with  
**Paints, Kalsomine  
and Varnishes**

**Polish Mops, Brooms  
and Scrub Brushes**

## "Marswells" Oil Stoves

These stoves are noted for their burning qualities  
A very hot blue flame is produced by a combination  
in a combustion chamber of the flame from the oil  
with oxygen from the air into a gas; and thus, too,  
actual consumption of oil is made smaller.

## Sporting Goods

BASEBALL BATS and MITTS  
GOLF STICKS and BALLS  
TENNIS RACKETS and TENNIS BALLS

## Banner Hardware

CHINOOK - ALBERTA

When In Town Visit Our Store  
And Look Over Our Stock of

**Men's Work Boots  
Men's Dress Shoes  
Work Gloves  
and Socks**

The Best on the market. The price reasonable.

## The Chinook Harness Shop

S. H. SMITH, Prop.

## Robinson Bros.,

General Blacksmiths

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work  
Repairing

Get Our Prices On Plow Share Work

Chinook - Alta.

## SUMMER

## EXCURSIONS

MAY 15 TO SEPT. 30  
FINAL RETURN OCT. 31, 1924

## Eastern Canada Pacific Coast

A Few Days In Jasper Park -- Canadian Rockies

Wide Choice Of Routes Via Canadian National  
And Other Lines Embracing Rail, Lake And  
Sea Trips

GET FULL INFORMATION FROM LOCAL AGENT



FOR SALE—A number of good milk  
cows, all fresh. Apply to J. H.  
Gustafson, Sec. 27-28-B, Chinook.

FOR SALE—Pure Bred Barred Rock  
setting eggs \$1.00 for 15. Thomas  
Sandman, Chinook.